## Kroger Reports Third Quarter 2019 Results

- Identical Sales without fuel grew 2.5\% and digital sales grew $21 \%$
- EPS of $\$ 0.32$; Adjusted EPS of $\$ 0.47$ which includes a $\$ 0.03$ out of period charge
- Achieved Operating Profit of \$254 million; Adjusted FIFO Operating Profit of $\$ 653$ million
- EPS and Operating Profit results affected by several adjustment items, primarily by a non-cash impairment charge related to an investment in Lucky's Market
- Alternative profit streams on track to contribute an incremental \$100 million in operating profit in 2019 vs. 2018
- Confirms Identical Sales, Adjusted FIFO Operating Profit and Adjusted EPS guidance for 2019 and 2020

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Dec 05, 2019, 08:30 ET

CINCINNATI, Dec. 5, 2019 /PRNewswire/ -- The Kroger Co. (NYSE: KR) today reported its third quarter 2019 results and provided a Restock Kroger progress update on the company's three-year transformation plan.

## Comments from Chairman and CEO Rodney McMullen

"Kroger's customer obsession and focus on operational excellence continued to generate positive results in the third quarter. Identical sales were the strongest since we started Restock Kroger and gross margin rate, excluding fuel and pharmacy, improved slightly in the quarter. At the same time, we continued to reduce costs as a percentage of sales.

We are using the power of Kroger's stable and growing supermarket business to create meaningful incremental operating profit through the alternative profit stream businesses, which adds up to a business built for long-term growth that generates consistently attractive total shareholder returns. Kroger continues to generate strong and durable free cash flow as reflected by the fact that the company has reduced debt by $\$ 1.5$ billion over the prior four quarters and continues to increase its dividend to create shareholder value.

Restock Kroger is the right framework to reposition our business to create value for all of our stakeholders, both today and in the future."

## Financial Results

|  | $3 Q 19$ (\$ in millions; except EPS) | 3 Q18 (in millions; except EPS) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ID Sales (Table 4) | $2.5 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |
| EPS | $\$ 0.32$ | $\$ 0.39$ |
| Adjusted EPS (Table 6) | $\$ 0.47$ | $\$ 0.48$ |
| Operating Profit | $\$ 254$ | $\$ 647$ |
| Adjusted FIFO Operating Profit (Table 7) | $\$ 653$ | $\$ 664$ |
| FIFO Gross Margin Rate* | Decreased 24 basis points |  |
| OG\&A Rate* | Decreased 15 basis points |  |

*without fuel and adjustment items, if applicable

Total company sales were $\$ 28.0$ billion in the third quarter, compared to $\$ 27.8$ billion for the same period last year. Excluding fuel and dispositions, sales grew 2.7\%.

Gross margin was $22.1 \%$ of sales for the third quarter. The FIFO gross margin rate excluding fuel decreased 24 basis points, primarily driven by industry-wide lower gross margin rates in pharmacy and continued growth in the specialty pharmacy business. Gross margin rate excluding fuel and pharmacy improved slightly.

LIFO charge for the quarter was $\$ 23$ million, compared to $\$ 12$ million for the same period last year, driven by higher inflation in dry grocery, pharmacy and dairy.

The Operating, General \& Administrative rate decrease of 15 basis points is due to broad based improvement of Restock Kroger cost savings initiatives.

Third quarter results include an out-of-period charge of $\$ 29$ million related to an adjustment for a provision of a pharmacy contract. This amount reduced third quarter adjusted net earnings per diluted share by $\$ 0.03$. There is no effect on earnings guidance as a result of this contract going forward.

As a result of a portfolio review, Kroger has decided to divest its interest in Lucky's Market and recognized a non-cash impairment charge of $\$ 238$ million in the third quarter, and the portion of this charge attributable to Kroger is $\$ 131$ million.

The income tax rate for the third quarter was 35.6\%. The income tax rate is higher than the adjusted income tax rate because a portion of the non-cash impairment charge related to Lucky's Market is not attributable to Kroger (Table 9).

## Capital Allocation Strategy

Kroger's financial strategy is to use its free cash flow to drive growth while also maintaining its current investment grade debt rating and returning capital to shareholders. The company actively balances the use of its cash flow to achieve these goals.

Consistent with its financial strategy, Kroger reduced net total debt by $\$ 1.5$ billion over the last four quarters. Kroger's net total debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio is 2.50 , compared to 2.72 a year ago (see Table 5). The company's net total debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio target range is 2.30 to 2.50 .

As a result of being within its targeted debt range, Kroger plans to initiate share repurchases in the fourth quarter under its $\$ 1$ billion board authorization.

Earlier this year, Kroger increased the dividend by 14 percent, marking the $13^{\text {th }}$ consecutive year of dividend increases.

## 2019 Guidance

|  | IDS (\%) | EPS (\$) | Operating Profit (\$B) | Tax Rate Range** | Cap Ex (\$B) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GAAP | N/A | \$2.17-\$2.27 | \$2.4-\$2.5 | 24.0\% - 24.5\% | \$3.0-\$3.2 |
| Adjusted* | 2.0\%-2.25\% | \$2.15-\$2.25 | \$2.9-\$3.0 | 22.5\%-23.0\% | N/A |


 control and its unavailability could have a significant impact on 2019 GAAP financial results.
** These rates reflect typical tax adjustments and do not reflect changes to the rate from the completion of income tax audit examinations, which cannot be predicted.

|  | IDS (\%) | EPS (\$) | Operating Profit (\$B) | Tax Rate** | Cap Ex (\$B) | Incremental Alternative Profit (\$M) | FCF <br> (\$B) | Share Repurchase (\$M) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted* | >2.25\% | \$2.30-\$2.40 | \$3.0-\$3.1 | 23.0\% | \$3.2-\$3.4 | \$125-\$150 | \$1.6-\$1.8 | \$500-\$1,000 |


 control and its unavailability could have a significant impact on 2020 GAAP financial results.
** This rate reflects typical tax adjustments and does not reflect changes to the rate from the completion of income tax audit examinations, which cannot be predicted.

## Third Quarter 2019 Restock Kroger Highlights

## Redefine the Grocery Customer Experience

- Launched new contemporary logo and Fresh for Everyone ${ }^{T M}$ brand transformation campaign
- Our Brands sales were up $3.4 \%$ vs. prior year
- Launched 231 new Our Brands items, including the Simple Truth Plant Based collection, featuring fresh meatless burger patties and other products that appeal to a growing number of customers exploring meat and dairy alternatives
- Expanded to 1,915 Pickup locations and 2,326 Delivery locations, covering over 96\% of Kroger households and launched fully-seamless Ship offering
- Announced Free Pickup promotion in most divisions through January 1, 2020
- Expanded the availability of longer-lasting avocados, featuring plant-based coating developed by Apeel Sciences to reduce food waste, and introduced two new produce categories, Apeel asparagus and Apeel limes


## Partner for Customer Value

- Named the location of an additional Kroger-Ocado customer fulfillment center in Wisconsin
- Kroger Precision Marketing increased engagement to over 1,000 brands this year
- Partnered with Europe's Infarm to introduce the first in-store living produce farms in America in Seattle-area QFC stores


## Develop Talent

- Continued investment in Kroger associates with average hourly rate now over $\$ 20$ with comprehensive benefits factored in
- Achieved record employee retention in one of the tightest labor markets in years
- Recognized among the top 20 companies in the Wall Street Journal diversity and inclusion ranking for S\&P 500 companies
- Six emerging Kroger leaders named 2019 Progressive Grocer's GenNext Award winners


## Live Kroger's Purpose

- Awarded Best Community Improvement Program by the U.S. Chamber of Commerce Foundation, recognizing the meaningful impact of Kroger's bold Zero Hunger | Zero Waste social impact plan
- Named to Dow Jones Sustainability Index for seventh consecutive year, driven by the company's progress toward its Zero Hunger | Zero Waste and 2020 sustainability goals
- Continued to adopt standardized date labels for Our Brands food products, providing simpler, easier-to-understand product quality and safety information for customers
- Announced decision to stop selling e-cigarette products
- Partnered with the Cardinal Health Foundation to host drug take back events across 25 states to combat the country's opioid epidemic, resulting in the collection of 24,804 pounds of medications


## About Kroger

At The Kroger Co. (NYSE: KR), we are Fresh for Everyone ${ }^{T M}$ and dedicated to our Purpose: To Feed the Human Spirit®. We are, across our family of companies, nearly half a million associates who serve over 11 million customers daily through a seamless shopping experience under a variety of banner names. We are committed to creating \#ZeroHungerZeroWaste communities by 2025. To learn more about us, visit our newsroom and investor relations site.

Note: Fuel sales have historically had a low gross margin rate and operating expense rate as compared to corresponding rates on non-fuel sales. As a result, Kroger discusses the changes in these rates excluding the effect of fuel.

Please refer to the supplemental information presented in the tables for reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measures used in this press release to the most comparable GAAP financial measure and related disclosure.

This press release contains certain statements that constitute "forward-looking statements" about the future performance of the company. These statements are based on management's assumptions and beliefs in light of the information currently available to it. The remarks contain certain forward-looking statements about the future performance of the Company. These statements are based on management's assumptions and beliefs in light of the information currently available to it. Such statements are indicated by words or phrases such as "build," "continue," "create," "deliver," "drive," "execute," "expect," "future," "guidance," "improve," "on track," "strategy," "transformation," "trend," "vision," and "will." Various uncertainties and other factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements. These include the specific risk factors identified in "Risk Factors" and "Outlook" in our annual report on Form 10-K for our last fiscal year and any subsequent filings, as well as the following:

- Kroger's ability to achieve sales, earnings, incremental FIFO operating profit, and free cash flow goals may be affected by: labor negotiations or disputes; changes in the types and numbers of businesses that compete with Kroger; pricing and promotional activities of existing and new competitors, including non-traditional competitors, and the aggressiveness of that competition; Kroger's response to these actions; the state of the economy, including interest rates, the inflationary and deflationary trends in certain commodities, changes in tariffs, and the unemployment rate; the effect that fuel costs have on consumer spending; volatility of fuel margins; changes in government-funded benefit programs; manufacturing commodity costs; diesel fuel costs related to Kroger's logistics operations; trends in consumer spending; the extent to which Kroger's customers exercise caution in their purchasing in response to economic conditions; the uncertain pace of economic growth; changes in inflation or deflation in product and operating costs; stock repurchases; Kroger's ability to retain pharmacy sales from third party payors; consolidation in the healthcare industry, including pharmacy benefit managers; Kroger's ability to negotiate modifications to multi-employer pension plans; natural disasters or adverse weather conditions; the potential costs and risks associated with potential cyber-attacks or data security breaches; the success of Kroger's future growth plans; the ability to execute on Restock Kroger; and the successful integration of merged companies and new partnerships. Our ability to achieve these goals may also be affected by our ability to manage the factors identified above. Our ability to execute our financial strategy may be affected by our ability to generate cash flow.
- Kroger's ability to achieve these goals may also be affected by Kroger's ability to manage the factors identified above. Kroger's ability to execute its financial strategy may be affected by its ability to generate cash flow.
- Kroger's effective tax rate may differ from the expected rate due to changes in laws, the status of pending items with various taxing authorities, and the deductibility of certain expenses.

Kroger assumes no obligation to update the information contained herein. Please refer to Kroger's reports and filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission for a further discussion of these risks and uncertainties.

Note: Kroger's quarterly conference call with investors will broadcast live at 10 a.m. (ET) on December 5, 2019 at ir.kroger.com. An on-demand replay of the webcast will be available at approximately 1 p.m. (ET) on Thursday, December 5, 2019.

1. Consolidated Statements of Operations
2. Consolidated Balance Sheets
3. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
4. Supplemental Sales Information
5. Reconciliation of Net Total Debt and Net Earnings Attributable to The Kroger Co. to Adjusted EBITDA
6. Net Earnings Per Diluted Share Excluding the Adjustment Items
7. Operating Profit Excluding the Adjustment Items
8. 2018 Sales Reclassification
9. Income Tax Rate Excluding the Impairment Charge Attributable to the Minority Interest of Lucky's Market

Table 1.
THE KROGER CO.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in millions, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)

SALES

OPERATING EXPENSES
MERCHANDISE COSTS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING,
WAREHOUSING AND TRANSPORTATION (a),
AND LIFO CHARGE (b)
OPERATING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE (a)
RENT
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION

OPERATING PROFIT

OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)
INTEREST EXPENSE
NON-SERVICE COMPONENT OF COMPANY-SPONSORED
PENSION PLAN COSTS
MARK TO MARKET (LOSS) GAIN ON OCADO SECURITIES
GAIN ON SALE OF BUSINESSES

NET EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

NET EARNINGS INCLUDING NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

NET LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS

| THIRD QUARTER |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2018 |
|  |  |  |  |

$\$ \quad 27,831 \quad 100.0 \%$

| 21,798 | 77.9 | 21,753 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5,097 | 18.2 | 4,661 |
| 201 | 0.7 | 200 |
| 624 | 2.2 | 570 |

(137)
(0.5)
(142)

106
$\qquad$
0.4

| $(6)$ |
| ---: |
| $(100)$ |
| - |


$\qquad$

308

| 78.2 | 72,787 | 77.9 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 16.8 | 16,223 | 17.4 |
| 0.7 | 675 | 0.7 |
| 2.1 | 1,994 | 2.1 |
| 2.3 |  |  |
|  | 1,714 | 1.8 |

(0.5)
(463)
(0.5)
-
$(0.4)$
-
1.4
0.3

| $(2)$ | - |
| :---: | ---: |
| 166 | 0.2 |
| 176 | 0.2 |
| 1,591 | 1.7 |
| 398 | 0.4 |

YEAR-TO-DATE
$2019 \quad$
$\$$ 93,393 100.0\%
\$

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NET EARNINGS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE KROGER CO.
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$\$$ 263
\$ 0.39
0.32 PER BASIC COMMON SHARE

AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES USED IN BASIC CALCULATION

NET EARNINGS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE KROGER CO. PER DILUTED COMMON SHARE

AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES USED IN
DILUTED CALCULATION

DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER COMMON SHARE
\$ 0.160
\$ 0.39

807
\$ 0.140

```
Note: Certain percentages may not sum due to rounding.
Note: The Company defines First-In First-Out (FIFO) gross profit as sales minus merchandise costs, including advertising, warehousing and transportation, but excluding the Last-In First-Out (LIFO) charge.
The Company defines FIFO gross margin, as described in the earnings release, as FIFO gross profit divided by sales.
The Company defines FIFO operating profit as operating profit excluding the LIFO charge.
The Company defines FIFO operating margin, as described in the earnings release, as FIFO operating profit divided by sales.
The above FIFO financial metrics are important measures used by management to evaluate operational effectiveness. Management believes these FIFO financial metrics are useful to investors and analysts because they measure our day-to-day operational effectiveness.
(a) Merchandise costs ("COGS") and operating, general and administrative expenses ("OG\&A") exclude depreciation and amortization expense and rent expense which are included in separate expense lines.
(b) LIFO charges of \(\$ 23\) and \(\$ 12\) were recorded in the third quarter of 2019 and 2018, respectively. For the year to date period, LIFO charges of \(\$ 69\) and \(\$ 39\) were recorded for 2019 and 2018, respectively.
Note: Products and services related primarily to Kroger Personal Finance and Media, which were historically accounted for as an offset to OG\&A, are now classified as a component of sales, except for certain amounts in Media, which are netted against COGS. These prior-year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current-year presentation, which is consistent with our Restock Kroger initiative and view of the products and services as part of our core business strategy. This is also more consistent with industry practice.
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Table 2.

## THE KROGER CO.

## consolidated balance sheets

(in millions)
(unaudited)

| November 9, |  | November 10, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 2018 |  |

ASSETS
Current Assets

Cash
Temporary cash investments
Store deposits in-transit
Receivables
Inventories
Assets held for sale
Prepaid and other current assets

Total current assets

Property, plant and equipment, ne
Operating lease assets
Intangibles, net
Goodwill
Other assets

Total Assets

LIABILITIES AND SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY

## Current Liabilities

Current portion of long-term debt including obligations under finance leases
Current portion of operating lease liabilities
Trade accounts payable
Accrued salaries and wages
\$ 417
128
1,034
1,600
7,412

11,025

21,801
6,847
1,086
3,076
1,558
\$ 45,393

2018

| $\$$ | 393 |
| ---: | ---: |
|  | 36 |
| 1,098 |  |
| 1,510 |  |
| 7,083 |  |
| 172 |  |
|  | 461 |
|  |  |
|  | 10,753 |
|  | 21,515 |
|  | - |
|  | 1,201 |
|  | 3,087 |
| 1,585 |  |
|  |  |
|  | 38,141 |

1,098
1,510
7,083

461

0,753

1,515

1,201
3,087
1,585

38,141
\$ $\quad 1,417$
\$
673
6,505
6,867
1,070

| Liabilities held for sale |  | - |  | 57 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other current liabilities |  | 4,074 |  | 3,793 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 14,118 |  | 14,796 |
| Long-term debt including obligations under finance leases |  | 12,227 |  | 11,647 |
| Noncurrent operating lease liabilities |  | 6,449 |  | - |
| Deferred income taxes |  | 1,517 |  | 1,738 |
| Pension and postretirement benefit obligations |  | 471 |  | 601 |
| Other long-term liabilities |  | 1,883 |  | 1,749 |
| Total Liabilities |  | 36,665 |  | 30,531 |
| Shareowners' equity |  | 8,728 |  | 7,610 |
| Total Liabilities and Shareowners' Equity | \$ | 45,393 | \$ | 38,141 |
| Total common shares outstanding at end of period |  | 802 |  | 798 |
| Total diluted shares year-to-date |  | 805 |  | 822 |

Note: The Company adopted ASU 2016-02, "Leases," and related amendments as of February 3, 2019 under the modified retrospective approach and has not revised comparative periods.

Table 3.

## THE KROGER CO.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in millions)
(unaudited)

YEAR-TO-DATE

## ASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net earnings including noncontrolling interests
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings including noncontrolling
interests to net cash provided by operating activities:

## Depreciation and amortization

Operating lease asset amortization
LIFO charge
Stock-based employee compensation
Expense for company-sponsored pension plans

## Deferred income taxes

Gain on sale of businesses

## Gain on the sale of assets

Mark to market gain on Ocado securities
Impairment of Lucky's Market
Other
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net
of effects from mergers and disposals of businesses:

| Store deposits in-transit | 148 | 63 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receivables | 93 | (95) |
| Inventories | (636) | (601) |
| Prepaid and other current assets | 66 | 380 |
| Trade accounts payable | 808 | 666 |
| Accrued expenses | 299 | 270 |
| Income taxes receivable and payable | (145) | 259 |
| Contribution to company-sponsored pension plan | - | (185) |
| Operating lease liabilities | (477) | - |
| Proceeds from contract associated with the sale of business | 295 | - |
| Other | (1) | (186) |

## CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:

Payments for property and equipment, including payments for lease buyouts
Proceeds from sale of assets
Payments for acquisitions, net of cash acquired

## Purchases of stores

Net proceeds from sale of businesses
Purchases of Ocado securities

| $(2,363)$ | $(2,257)$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 257 | 76 |
| - | $(197)$ |
| - | $(44)$ |
| 327 | 2,169 |
| - | $(392)$ |
| $(45)$ | 15 |

$(1,824)$

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt
Payments on long-term debt including obligations under finance leases
Net payments on commercial paper
Dividends paid
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock
Treasury stock purchases
(34)
(36)
$(2,108)$ $\square$

## NET INCREASE IN CASH AND TEMPORARY

CASH INVESTMENTS

CASH AND TEMPORARY CASH INVESTMENTS:
BEGINNING OF YEAR
END OF PERIOD

|  | 429 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\$$ | 545 |

## Reconciliation of capital investments:

Payments for property and equipment, including payments for lease buyouts
\$
$(2,363)$
\$
Payments for lease buyouts
Changes in construction-in-progress payables
Total capital investments, excluding lease buyouts

## Disclosure of cash flow information

| Cash paid during the year for interest | $\$ 4$ | 407 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cash paid during the year for income taxes | $\$$ | 633 |

 sponsored pension plan contributions (if any) and excluding the effect of any cash taxes related to the sale of strategic assets. Management believes free cash flow is a useful metric to investors and analysts because it demonstrates our ability to make share repurchases and other strategic investments, pay dividends and manage debt levels.

## Table 4. Supplemental Sales Information

(in millions, except percentages)
(unaudited)

Items identified below should not be considered as alternatives to sales or any other GAAP measure of performance. Identical sales is an industry-specific measure and it is important to review it in conjunction with Kroger's financial results reported in accordance with GAAP. Other companies in our industry may calculate identical sales differently than Kroger does, limiting the comparability of the measure.

## IDENTICAL SALES (a)

|  | THIRD QUARTER |  |  |  | YEAR-TO-DATE |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2019 |  | 2018 |  | 2019 |  | 2018 |  |
| EXCLUDING FUEL | \$ | 24,319 | \$ | 23,717 | \$ | 80,751 | \$ | 79,156 |
| EXCLUDING FUEL |  | 2.5\% |  | 1.7\% |  | 2.0\% |  | 1.8\% |

(a) Kroger defines identical sales, excluding fuel, as sales to retail customers, including sales from all departments at identical supermarket locations, Kroger Specialty Pharmacy businesses, jewelry and ship-to-home solutions. Kroger defines a supermarket as identical when it has been in operation without expansion or relocation for five full quarters. Additionally, sales from all acquired businesses are treated as identical as if they were part of the Company in the prior year. Products and services related primarily to Kroger Personal Finance, which were historically accounted for as an offset to OG\&A, are now classified as a component of sales. These prior-year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current-year presentation and included in identical sales in 2019 and 2018, which is consistent with our Restock Kroger initiative and view of the products and services as part of our core business strategy. This is also more consistent with industry practice. This change increased identical sales for the third quarter and year-to-date periods of 2018.

# Table 5. Reconciliation of Net Total Debt and 

## Net Earnings Attributable to The Kroger Co to Adjusted EBITDA

(in millions, except for ratio)
(unaudited)

The items identified below should not be considered an alternative to any GAAP measure of performance or access to liquidity. Net total debt to adjusted EBITDA is an important measure used by management to evaluate the Company's access to liquidity. The items below should be reviewed in conjunction with Kroger's financial results reported in accordance with GAAP

The following table provides a reconciliation of net total debt

| $\begin{gathered} \text { November 9, } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ |  | November 10, 2018 |  | Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 1,417 | \$ | 3,371 | \$ | $(1,954)$ |
|  | 12,227 |  | 11,647 |  | 580 |
|  | 13,644 |  | 15,018 |  | $(1,374)$ |
|  | 128 |  | 36 |  | 92 |
| \$ | 13,516 | \$ | 14,982 | \$ | $(1,466)$ |

The following table provides a reconciliation from net earnings attributable to The Kroger Co. to adjusted EBITDA, as defined in the Company's credit agreement, on a rolling four quarter 52 week basis.

| Rolling Four Quarters Ended |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| November 9, | November 10, |  |
| 2019 |  |  |
| $\$$ | 1,591 |  |
| 59 | $\$$ |  |
| 2,575 |  |  |
| 605 |  |  |


| Income tax expense (benefit) |  | 464 |  | (123) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjustments for pension plan withdrawal liabilities |  | 299 |  | 338 |
| Adjustment for Kroger Specialty Pharmacy goodwill impairment |  | - |  | 110 |
| Adjustment for Company-sponsored pension plan termination |  | - |  | 502 |
| Adjustment for mark to market gain on Ocado securities |  | (241) |  | (152) |
| Adjustment for gain on sale of convenience store business |  | - |  | $(1,782)$ |
| Adjustment for gain on sale of Turkey Hill Dairy |  | (106) |  | - |
| Adjustment for gain on sale of You Technology |  | (70) |  | - |
| Adjustment for Home Chef contingent consideration |  | 15 |  | - |
| Adjustment for loss on settlement of financial instrument |  | 42 |  | - |
| Adjustment for severance charge and related benefits |  | 80 |  | - |
| Adjustment for impairment of Lucky's Market atributable to The Kroger Co. ${ }^{(a)}$ |  | 131 |  | - |
| 53rd week EBITDA adjustment |  | - |  | (131) |
| Other |  | (28) |  | (19) |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ | 5,416 | \$ | 5,509 |
| Net total debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio on a 52 week basis |  | 2.50 |  | 2.72 |

(a) The adjustment for impairment of Lucky's Market attributable to The Kroger Co. excludes a $\$ 107$ net loss attributable to the minority interest of Lucky's Market.

# Table 6. Net Earnings Per Diluted Share Excluding the Adjustment Items 

(in millions, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)



 review them in conjunction with the Company's financial results reported in accordance with GAAP.

The following table summarizes items that affected the Company's financial results during the periods presented.

ADJUSTMENT FOR GAIN ON SALE OF CONVENIENCE STORE BUSINESS (k)ADJUSTMENT FOR GAIN ON SALE OF TURKEY HILL DAIRY (k)

|  | - |  | - |  | (0.10) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - |  | - |  | (0.06) |
|  | (0.10) |  | 0.09 |  | (0.16) |
|  | - |  | - |  | - |
|  | 0.08 |  | - |  | 0.08 |
|  | 0.12 |  | - |  | 0.12 |
|  | 0.01 |  | - |  | (0.02) |
|  | 0.15 |  | 0.09 |  | (0.02) |
| \$ | 0.47 | \$ | 0.48 | \$ | 1.62 |

# Table 6. Net Earnings Per Diluted Share Excluding the Adjustment Items (continued) 

(in millions, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)
(a) The amounts presented represent the after-tax effect of each adjustment.
 2018, respectively.
(c) The pre-tax adjustment for gain on sale of convenience store business was (\$1,782).
(d) The pre-tax adjustment for gain on sale of Turkey Hill Dairy was (\$106).
(e) The pre-tax adjustment for gain on sale of You Technology was (\$70).
 (\$166) and (\$152) in the first three quarters of 2019 and 2018, respectively.
(g) The pre-tax adjustment for depreciation related to held for sale assets was (\$14).
(h) The pre-tax adjustment for severance charge and related benefits was $\$ 80$.
(i) The pre-tax adjustment for impairment of Lucky's Market was $\$ 238$ including a $\$ 107$ net loss attributable to the minority interest of Lucky's Market.
(j) The pre-tax adjustments for Home Chef contingent consideration was $\$ 4$ in the third quarter of 2019 and (\$18) for the first three quarters of 2019 .
(k) The amounts presented represent the net earnings per diluted common share effect of each adjustment.

Note: 2019 Third Quarter Adjustment items include adjustments for pension plan withdrawal liabilities, the mark to market gain on Ocado securities, severance charge, impairment of Lucky's Market and Home Chef contingent consideration adjustment.

2019 Adjustment Items include the Third Quarter Adjustment Items plus the adjustments that occurred in the first two quarter of 2019 for pension plan withdrawal liabilities, the gain on sale of Turkey Hill Dairy, the gain on sale of You Technology, the mark to market gain on Ocado securities and Home Chef contingent consideration adjustment.

2018 Third Quarter Adjustment item included the mark to market loss on Ocado securities.

## Table 7. Operating Profit Excluding the Adjustment Items

(in millions)
(unaudited)

The purpose of this table is to better illustrate comparable operating results from our ongoing business, after removing the effects on operating profit for certain items described below. Adjusted FIFO operating profit is a useful metric to investors and analysts because they present more accurately year-over year comparisons for operating profit because adjusted items are not the result of normal operations. Items identified in this table should not be considered alternatives to operating profit or any other GAAP measure of performance. These items should not be reviewed in isolation or considered substitutes for the Company's financial results as reported in accordance with GAAP. Due to the nature of these items, as further described below, it is important to identify these items and to review them in conjunction with the Company's financial results reported in accordance with GAAP.

The following table summarizes items that affected the Company's financial results during the periods presented.


[^0](in millions)
(unaudited)

Products and services related primarily to Kroger Personal Finance and Media, which were historically accounted for as an offset to OG\&A, are now classified as a component of sales, except for certain amounts in Media, which are netted against COGS. These prior-year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current-year presentation, which is consistent with our Restock Kroger initiative and view of the products and services as part of our core business strategy. This is also more consistent with industry practice.

The following tables summarize the Company's third quarter and first three quarters of 2018 sales reclassification:


OPERATING EXPENSES
MERCHANDISE COSTS, INCLUDING ADVERTISING, WAREHOUSING AND TRANSPORTATION, AND LIFO CHARGE 72,991 $\quad 156 \quad 73,147$

OPERATING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE
15,291
339
15,630
680
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION
1,884

OPERATING PROFIT
2,225 \$ $\quad$ \$
2,225

Table 9. Income Tax Rate Excluding the Impairment Charge Attributable to the Minority Interest of Lucky's Market
(in millions)
(unaudited)

 identify these items and to review them in conjunction with the Company's financial results reported in accordance with GAAP.


## SOURCE The Kroger Co.

## Related Links

http://www.kroger.com


[^0]:    (a) The adjustment for impairment of Lucky's Market includes a $\$ 107$ net loss attributable to the minority interest of Lucky's Market

